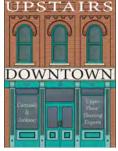
#### Financial Feasibility Of upper floor housing



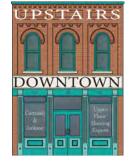






#### Real Estate Financial Analysis Two key financial statements





#### Developing Sources and Uses Due diligence to understand capital requirements

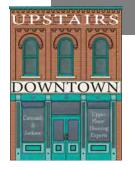
#### Uses

Soft Costs
✓ Accounting
✓ Legal
✓ A & E
✓ Loan application
✓ Building permits

## Sources

Equity

- ✓ Owner Capital
- ✓ Relatives & Friends
- ✓ Partners
- ✓ Frequent Flier Miles



Developing Sources and Uses Due diligence to understand capital requirements

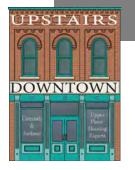
#### Uses

Hard Costs ✓ Construction Costs ✓ Contingency

## Sources

#### Debt

- ✓ Conventional Debt
- ✓ Banks
- ✓ Credit Unions
- ✓ Insurance Policies

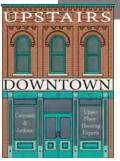


# Develop a realistic budget

Always include a generous contingency

Which of you wishing to construct a tower does not first sit down and calculate the cost to see if there is enough for its completion? Otherwise, after laying the foundation and finding himself unable to finish the work the onlookers should laugh at him and say, 'This one began to build but did not have the resources to finish'.

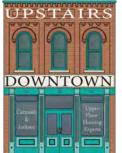
#### Luke 14: 27-30



#### Project Pro Forma Annual Income and Expenses of the Project

#### Income

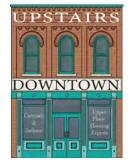
Rent Roll How much rent for each unit Tenant Contributions Utilities Laundry Parking Vacancy Factor (5 -10%) How long will vacant unit take to rent?



#### Project Pro Forma Annual Income and Expenses of the Project

#### Expenses

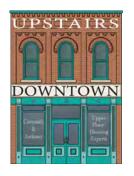
Taxes Likely impact of upstairs investment? Utilities Separate meters or not? Insurance De facto redlining? Maintenance Common areas and site



#### Project Pro Forma Annual Income and Expenses of the Project

#### Expenses

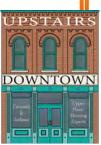
Management By owner or by third party? Other Special assessment district levees Annual rental unit inspection fee



#### Project Pro Forma Annual Income and Expenses of the Project Income

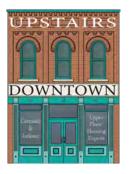
Gross Income <u>Less Vacancy Rate</u> Effective Gross Income <u>Less Operating Expenses</u> Net Operating Income

# NOI IS THE KEY NUMBER



#### Net Operating Income Helps Determine Debt Service

- ✓ NOI is the number that drives project financing.
- ✓ Banks lend mostly to cash flow
- Debt service is the annual cost to pay off the loan determined by loan interest and amortization X a constant.



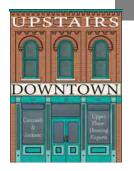
# Simple Operating Pro Forma

Income			
Gross Rent	Rent Collected at 100% Occupancy		
<u>Tenant Contributions</u>	Tenant Contributions towards operating expenses		
Gross Income	Total Income at 100% Occupancy		
<u>(Vacancy Rate)</u>	Adjustment for Vacancy and Collections Loss		
Effective Gross Income	Anticipated Cash Actually Collected		
Expenses			
Taxes Insurance Maintenance Utilities Management Reserves	Research and negotiate with assessor Discuss your project with your provider Snow removal, window washing, common area Are utility expenses paid as part of rent? Manage the project yourself or pay someone? <u>Appliances replaced, units painted, etc.</u>		
Total Expenses			
Net Operating Income	Cash generated by the project		
Debt Service	Interest, principal payments to lender		
Cash Flow	Return to owner		
<b>É É</b>			

DOWNTOWN

## What Bankers Want

- ✓ Acceptable level of risk
- ✓ Reduce risk of default and/or foreclosure
- Lenders want to limit their risk rather than maximize their profits.
- Lenders are in a high volume low margin business. The spread between interest paid to entice deposits and interest earned from loans ranges is how they make money.
- $\checkmark$  There is no upside for traditional lenders



#### Case Study Net Operating Income Two units above the business

Gross Rent 800 X 2	2 X 12 =
Less Vacancy Rate	10%
Less Expenses	
Utilities	1,200
Taxes	2,400
Insurance	1,200
<u>Maintenance</u>	1,000
Total Expenses	

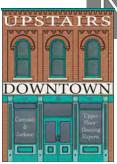
Net Operating Income

11,480

(5,800)

19,200

(1,920)

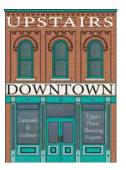


#### Debt Service

Annual amount needed to pay off or service loan

Debt Coverage Ratio

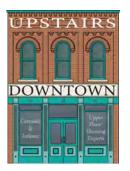
#### DCR = <u>Net Operating Income(NOI)</u> Debt Service



#### Debt Coverage Ratio Using the debt coverage ratio formula

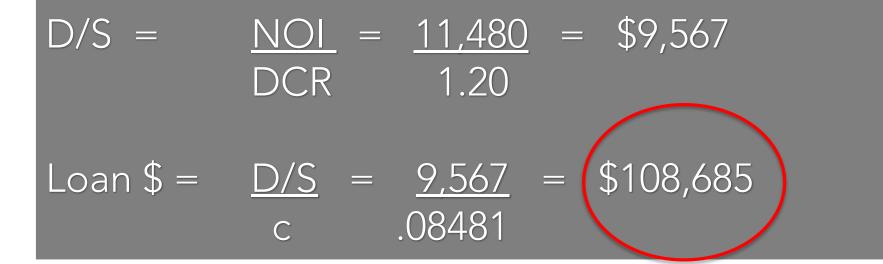
#### DCR = <u>Net Operating Income(NOI)</u> Debt Service (D/S)

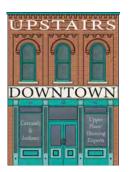
# For Tom's project: $DCR = \frac{11,480}{11,037} = 1.04$



#### How Much Will the Bank Lend? This lender requires a DCR of 1.2

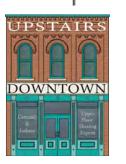
The largest loan this bank would make given NOI of \$11,480 is





#### Project Funding Gap Capital costs exceed available funds

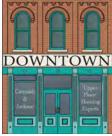
Difference between how much you can raise between owner equity and conventional financing and the cost of the project.



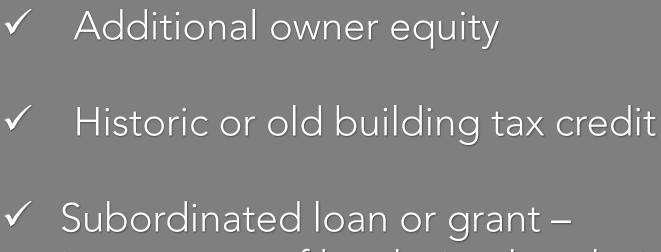
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108,000
128,000
22,000

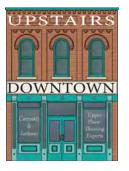




#### Project Funding Gap Many ways to fill the gap



- Subordinated loan or grant importance of local, simple solutions
- $\checkmark$
- Reduce the scope of the project

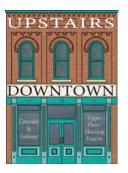


## More than Cash Flow

Other benefits from owning real estate

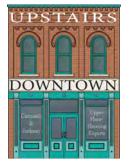
# All real estate projects:✓ Tax Benefits✓ Appreciation

Unique upstairs project benefits:
 ✓ Improving the value of first floor retail
 ✓ Lowers first floor utility costs



#### Appraisal Gap Issue Just when financing seemed in place

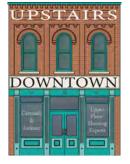




A bank financing commitment must be validated by an independent appraisal.

# Rule of Thumb

How much rent can you service at different rents



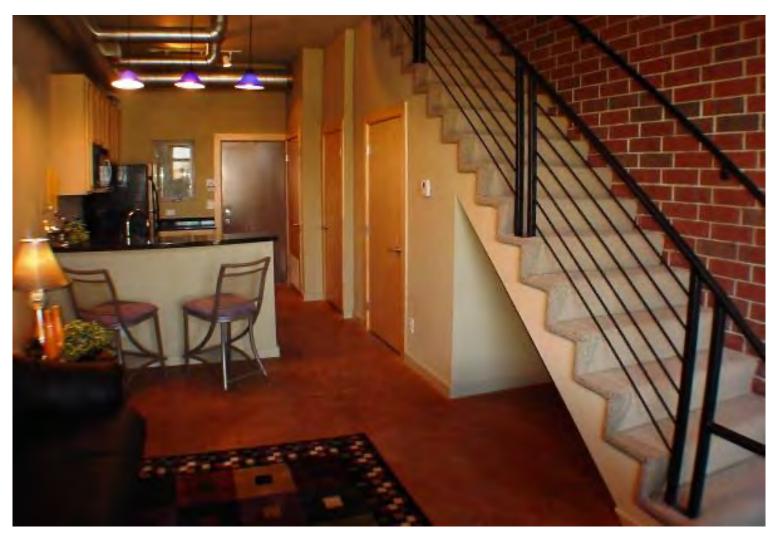
Monthly Rent per unit	Allocation to Expenses	Monthly Net Operating Expenses (NOI)	Loan @ 7% 20 Yr Amort 5 Yr Balloon (c = .0931)
350	40%	210	27,068
400	40%	240	30,934
450	40%	270	34,801
500	40%	300	38,668
550	40%	330	42,235
600	35%	390	50,268
650	35%	422	54,458
700	35%	455	58,646
750	35%	488	62,836
800	35%	520	67,025
850	35%	552	71,214
900	35%	585	75,403
950	35%	617	79,592
1000	30%	700	90,225
1050	30%	735	94,737
1100	30%	770	99,248
1150	30%	805	103,759
1200	30%	840	108,270

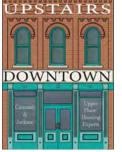
#### Many incentives Available to fill upper floor project gaps





#### New or Renovation Details are similar





Connecting urban fabric is now as important as preserving building stock.

#### Live/Work Projects Work at many price points



#### Upper floor office space Desirable space wherever people spend time





#### Lodging Industry Upstairs Nearly a plague in the Airbnb era





#### Upstairs Economics More income opportunities up than down!



